

Effect of Zn source and level on performance and fecal dry matter in nursery pigs (d 0 to 39)

Dietary Zn, ppm <sup>1</sup>									
Source	ZnO			Zn hydroxychloride <sup>2</sup>				SEM	
				A		B			
Phase 1	3000	1500	1000	1500	1000	1500	1000		
Phase 2	2000	1000	500	1000	500	1000	500		
d 0 BW, kg	5.6	5.6	5.7	5.7	5.6	5.6	5.7	0.31	
d 39 BW, kg	21.8	21.4	21.8	21.8	21.6	21.3	21.4	0.45	
ADG, g	388	386	396	389	380	387	383	18.2	
ADFI, g	533	527	539	541	526	541	530	15.1	
G:F, g/kg	729	733	736	718	723	715	723	22.1	
Fecal Zn, mg/kg DM basis									
d 7	11,339	6,535	4,734	5,879	7,014	6,988	4,899	2,286.2	
d 21	8,699	5,400	3,297	4,868	2,864	5,101	2,988	166.4	

<sup>1</sup> No significant interactions or main effect differences ( $P > 0.10$ ) were observed for any of the responses, except for d 7 fecal Zn concentration, where a significant interaction ( $P = 0.009$ ) was observed between Zn source and level.

<sup>2</sup> Source A= Hydroxy Zn, SAM Nutrition, Bloomington, MN; source B= Intellibond Z, Selko, Indianapolis, IN