|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Table 2**. Intra- and postoperative characteristics of patients: tamsulosin vs. placebo groups | | | | | |
|  | Placebo (n=74) | | tamsulosin (n=76) | | p-value |
|  | n | % | n | % |
| Type of anesthesia | | | | | |
| Monitored anesthesia care | 45 | 61.64 | 41 | 53.95 | 0.3418 |
| General | 28 | 38.36 | 35 | 46.05 |
| ASA grade | | | | | |
| 1 | 10 | 13.70 | 10 | 13.16 | 0.7539 |
| 2 | 52 | 71.23 | 51 | 67.11 |
| 3 | 11 | 15.07 | 15 | 19.74 |
| Concomitant prolapse surgeries |  |  |  |  |  |
| None | 48 | 64.86 | 40 | 52.63 | 0.2608 |
| Anterior repair | 0 | 0.00 | 1 | 1.32 |
| Posterior repair | 5 | 6.76 | 10 | 13.16 |
| Combined AP repair | 21 | 28.38 | 25 | 32.89 |
| Concomitant apical suspension | | | | | |
| None | 52 | 70.27 | 49 | 64.47 | 0.8931 |
| Uterosacral vaginal vault suspension | 4 | 5.41 | 5 | 6.58 |
| Sacrospinous vaginal vault suspension | 5 | 6.76 | 7 | 9.21 |
| Lap/Robotic sacrocolpopexy | 13 | 17.57 | 15 | 19.74 |
| Other concomitant procedures | | | | | |
| None | 55 | 74.32 | 50 | 65.79 | 0.3384 |
| Vaginal hysterectomy | 4 | 5.41 | 10 | 13.16 |
| Lap/Robotic hysterectomy | 13 | 17.57 | 12 | 15.79 |
| Colpocleisis | 2 | 2.70 | 4 | 5.26 |
| Length of procedure (min) | 73 | 69.6 ± 84.8 | 73 | 85.25 ± 83.61 | 0.2618 |
| Postoperative pain score on discharge (0-10) | 70 | 2.04 ± 1.80 | 73 | 2.51 ± 1.94 | 0.1403 |
| Postoperative admission | 11 | 14.86 | 13 | 17.11 | 0.7083 |
| Postoperative urinary retention | 15 | 20.27 | 14 | 18.67 | 0.8048 |
| Thirty-day postoperative Unanticipated healthcare encounters | | | | | |
| None | 69 | 93.24 | 70 | 92.11 | 0.7892 |
| Office visit | 1 | 1.35 | 1 | 1.32 | 1.0000 |
| ED visit | 1 | 1.35 | 3 | 3.95 | 0.6201 |
| Readmission | 2 | 2.70 | 1 | 1.32 | 0.6174 |
| Unplanned phone call | 0 | 0.00 | 2 | 2.63 | 0.4967 |
| Complications 30 days after surgery | | | | | |
| None | 73 | 98.65 | 73 | 96.05 | 1.000 |
| UTI | 1 | 1.35 | 1 | 1.32 |
| Reoperation | 0 | 0.00 | 1 | 1.32 |

All data are presented as mean ± SD or n (%)