



Figure 1: Accuracies of genomic predictions for the simulations with 0 % of missing pedigree and 0 % of sire pedigree errors (a), 5 % of missing pedigree and 5% of sire pedigree errors (b), 5 % of missing pedigree and 20% of sire pedigree errors (c), 20 % of missing pedigree and 5% of sire pedigree errors (d), and 20 % of missing pedigree and 20 % of sire pedigree errors (e). 0.05_0.05: 5% of males and 5% of females genotyped; 0.05_0.4: 5% of males and 40% of females genotyped; 0.05_1: 5% of males and 100% of females genotyped; 0.4_0.05: 40% of males and 5% of females genotyped; 0.4_0.4: 40% of males and 40% of females genotyped; 0.4_1: 40% of males and 100% of females genotyped; 1_0.05: 100% of males and 5% of females genotyped; 1_0.4: 100% of males and 40% of females genotyped; 1_1: 100% of males and 100% of females genotyped. Based on Tukey's test, the same lower-case letters mean no statistical difference comparing genotyping strategies (Geno_strategy) within pedigree scenario at 5% significance level. The same Upper-case letters mean no statistical difference comparing the same genotyping strategy across pedigree scenarios at a 5% significance level based on Tukey's test.